The Most excelent Oliver Cromwell Lord Gen! of Greate Brittayne. Chancellor of & Vniversity of Oxfords L. Charle Gover of Ireland & Similem Que onfilio and Marte VIRUN

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VEXI; VIDI; VICI.

TRIUMPHS

OF THE
Most Excellent & Illustrious,
OLIVER CROMWELL, &c.

Set forth in a Paneggricke.

Written Originally in Latine, and faithfully done into English Heroicall Verse,

By T:M: Jun Esq.

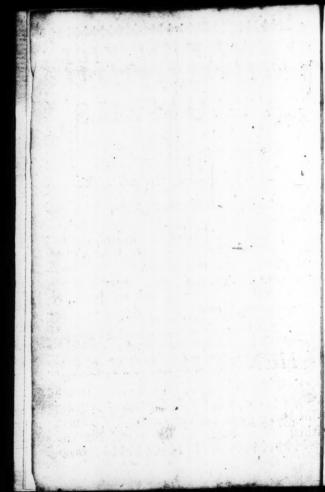
Wherero is added

An Elegy upon the death of the late Lord Depu-

HENRY IRETON, &c.

LONDON.

Printed for Iohn Tey, at the White Lion in the Strand, near the New Exchange, 1652.



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TO THE

Most Excellent, and Right Honourable as well for his valou-

rous Atchievements, as His Incomparable Vertues, His Excellency

OLIVER CROMWELL:

Lord Generall of Great Brittaine, Chancellor of the famous University of Oxford, Lord Chiefe Governour of Ireland: A Member of the Parliament of England, and of the Right Honourable the Councell of State.



T is reported of Cafar, Right Honourable Lord, that he never rejoyced more then when he heard his valiant exploits were spoken of in fimple Cottages, alledging

this, that a bright Sun shines in every corner; which makes not the beames worfe, but the

The Epistle

place better. My Lord, having seen the following Panegyricke in Latine, a Language too high for the greatest part of our Nation to understand: and considering that it was a jewell exposed only to the view, not to the understandings of all, made me prefume to render it into English, that even the meanest of our Natives might be able in their hearts with joy and thankfulness to confess the greatness of their Obligations to your Excellency; by whose fuccessefull and divinely victorious hand the yoke is broken off their necks, and their happy Liberty restored, that thereby, with that great Macedonian Conquerour, there may not be so much as a Miller but both loves and prailes thee.

Neither durst I offer to any other hand what is only sit to be laid on thine own Altars, least I might become presumptuously soolish, but that as the Asts sung in the ensuing Panegyrick were thine own, the honour of them thine own, so thou only thy selfe wert sit to be their Patron. Accept therefore, Most Noble Sir, these weake endeavours, whose only aime hath been to publish and make known thy Vertues in our uttermost Borders, and that it may appeare

Dedicatory.

peare how evidently the hand of God hath gone along with thee in all thy Actions, and carried thee with triumphall honours through

the midst of so many dangers.

May the Great God of Heaven and Earth fill carry you on that you may add triumph to triumph, and be victorious on every side, till arrived at that height of earthly happiness than which no man can enjoy more, you may at last be crowned with eternall felicity; which is the humble desire, and hearty Prayer of

My Lord,

Jan..30.

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Your Excellencies most devoted,

Tho. Manley Junior.

To my Honoured Friend Mr. THOMAS MANLY on his accurate Translation, &c.

S E E how the Thespian Gyrles can dare those Fates
That threaten Kingdomes, and disorder States s Ages to come, had never known the use Of wille War, had Fishers Buskin'd Muse Been filent; he doth trayteroufly confpire, Even to dif member the Maonian Lyre; His fancie like a flame ber way does take, Leaving no track for after-times to make Progression; Is't not strange, see, heres no oddes Beiwixt his worthies, and the Grecian Gods; The frowns of Mars, and dire Bellonas rage Drawn to the life, in each elaborate page

So that the Effigie of our Famous Nol Rather then here, deferv's Romes Capitol, end But if such thanks to him be due, what praise, What Heccatombs of Beev's, what Groves of Bayes Shall we designe thy worth, who mak'ft his Song To vail it's Bonnet, to our English tongue. Fates Th' Indulgent censure of succeeding times shall crown thee (Manly) for thy flowing Rime, With the same Chaplet that wreather Sands his brow? This be predicts, who honours thee, I vow,

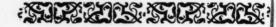
SAMUEL SHEPPARD.

S

25 \$

Errata.

PAge 3. line. 4. for fate read flate. p. 10. l. 14. bear, r. owe, p. 11. l. 13. deere, r. done, p. 12. l. 14. expect ber, r. expects she, ibid. l. 12. brow, r. browes, p. 23. l. 15. straywing, r. streaming. ibid. l. 17. bracked, r. wracked, p. 31. l. 14. on, r. or, p. 33. l. 7. ebme, r. them, p. 34. l. 6. for, r. foe, p. 38. l. 9. Muse, r. Muses, p. 52. l. 16. lowing, r. sowing, p. 76. l. 17. layd, r. lay, p. 92. l. 16. r. Thou.



GRATULATORY

Song of PEACE:

OR,

Triumphall Canto for the Victories of the Most Illustrious and Right Honble OLIVER CROMWELL, &c.

Dedicated to the

cts fheraming

ord President BRADSHAVV,

Right Honble the Councell of STATE, &c.

In the yeare of our Redemption, 1652; And of Englands Restored Liberty, 4

Translated into English out of Latine,

T:M: Jun. Efq.

B

To

To the All-Worthy

(The good hand of the great God fo ordaining;

And by the choice of the Supreme Authority of ENGLAND)

The Overseer of the Common-wealth, and Re-gained Liberty,

FOHN Lord BRADSHAVV,

Sergeant at LAVV, Chiefe Iustice of CHESTER, Chancellor of the Dutchy and County Palatine of LANCASTER,

LORD HIGH-PRESIDENT

Right Honble the Councell of STATE

AS ALSO,

ned Patriots, Sitting Members of the fame Right Honble Councell,

Bulftrode Whitlock, Dords Commissners rod of the great Seale of England. John Lifle, Oliver Saint-John, Lords Chief Iuftices ority Henry Rolls, S of England. Charles Fleetwood, Lievtenant-General b, of the ARMY. Sir Arthur Hasterigge, Sir Henry Vane, junior, Knights and VV, Sir William Masbam, Baronets. of Sir James Harrington. Sir Gilbert Pickering, y William Purefoy, & Colonels. Valentine Walton, NT Major Richard Salloway. Thomas Challoner ? TE Thomas Scot, John Gourdon, John Careb. OW Nicholas Love, of Dionys Bond. Philip Ba

Philip Earl of Pembrooke. Philip Sidney Viscount Lifle: Sir William Constable, 2Knights of the Sir Peter Wentworth, 5 Bath. Generall Rob. Blake, Admiral of the Sea. Alexander Popham, Anthony Stapylton, Herbert Morley, Colonels. Iobn Downes, Henry Marten. Cornelius Holland? Robert Wallop. Isaac Penington, Abraham Burwell, Henry Nevell, William Masbam, Esq Iohn Dixwell, Henry Herbert. William Heyes. John Corbet, &c.

F. F.

Happinesse, Nigory, Triumphs, &



Sea.

Honoured Lord, and you most emfaent & worthy Patriots,

Hat I should go unarmed into the field to meet the Muses, the wishes of a few might easily

perswade me, since my own affections drew me; Esq by which Incitement egged on as by Spurs, I recalled my now old-grown Genius from the Camp to the Court, from the War to congratulate the return of the Lord-Chief-Generall. And who in such ovations would not even be as, & wrapt beyond himself? Who can contain his loy within bounds at so solemn, so publike a

B 3

Triumph ?

Triumph? That we may the better perceive the effects of this rejoycing, we must first weigh the causes. Cast your eyes then upon our conducting General, whose heroick acts (exceeding even the utmost limits of belief) to the present age proclaime their own triumph, and amazes succeeding generations with their greatness. Confider how with more then Herculean Brength he Brook off the Head of those Hydraes of superstition with his Conquering Sword! How many Centaures breathing forth nought but flavery hath he tamed! How many Troopes of enraged enemies hath he overthrown, and offered them so humbled as so ma. ny satisfactory victims to the publike liberty! Hence it proceedes that war is banisht from OUL

eive our borders : hence is it that the ferener beams first of Concord have so cleerly darted down upon upon us: Othe happiness of Brittain grown even s(ex. beyond expectation great! For who can but adto mire fo many the elaborate endeavors of the nph, Parliament? Who will gaynfay you the fuctheir ceeding upholders of our State? Who but will Her-confess the immediate providence and Divine hose Finger of God to be seen even apparently in ring the victorious, atcheivements of our Generall; forth In the acts of our Parliament, the Supreme nany Authority; And in your own consultations over and designes? That therefore the happiness of ma. our established Common-wealth may the erty more largely be notified to all the world, from weigh we but equally in the ballance of our, B 4 serious. out

ferious confideration the tottering basis even of the most firmly seated thrones; but if your enemies are yet so stubborn that they will not be convinced thereby, let them peruse that excellent peece with a little feriousness that cleerly declares the Prerogative of Kings, and evidently defende the Priviledges and liberty of the people : but whereto tends this? I will not obtrude upon your wisdoms trifling examples, or vain relations : for I have onely mentioned these few, that all your malicious enemies may know, and knowing confess, that God alone is King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, that he puts down Princes from their Thrones, and disposes of the powers of the world after his own pleasure.

Away

I be Epistle Dedicatory.

even Away then you malicious enemies of orders your and finde ye acknowledge all powers to come not from God, obey the prefent as Gods flewards ex- placed here by himfelf for the governing of that the Common-Wealth. Me-think, even our and publike profession of Religion should draw erry us to this, if our own fecurity also did not whiwill sperthe same; for it is somwhat an inhumane ex- thing to refif our common, our publike Panely rents, and altogether repugnant to reason, to us e- kick aginst the Pricks. But I deviate from my that first proposition; and humbly beg your pard of don, most worthy Fathers of the Commontheir wealth, hoping you will cherish these firstthe fruits of my duty under the wings of your indulgent protection: Which have betaken themselves

way

themselves with a blushing humility to the fanctuary of your Honors goodness. An Olive is formetime brought in amongst the costlyest dainties and well rellisht too; somtimes the Ivy doth happily grow and increase among trees of a greater tallness: And you, most Noble Heroes, fuffer this low-growing Ivy to creep forth among the Laureat Cypresses of your Eminencies. If you approve of these my desires, and favor my prefent endeavors, you will infuse new life and confidence into me, who may enterprise a greater work worthy acknowledgement, perhaps both from your felves and future ages.

In the mean while, the All-great, the Allgood God make you all unanimous even for e-

ver, that therby his Church may be glorified, & the Common good and liberty be inviolable to all the people, that the secure peace and quiet of a flourishing Common-Wealth may be reciprocall from you and yours to the Common-Wealth; that ye may be blessed here in earth with continuing happiness, and in heaven with suture eternity, which is, and shall be prayed for by

The most obliged to your Honours by all bonds of duty and obedience,

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F. F.





A Gratulatory Ode of Peace.

LL hail great Patron of our English

Dreadfull as lightning to the Irife vile,

Double triumpher o're the Scottish crown,
Chief refuge of the godly when east down,
Restorer of our liberty once lost!
All Hail! whose warlike actions every coast
Doth Eccho, and the world fill with the same
Of the deserving vertues of his Name.

Rife now ye Mules, help ye Virgin Quire Aonian Nymphes, once all your skill inspire; Favor my task, our Generalls praise I'de sing, From whose each act Honor and greatness spring. And thou, who of the supream Parliament, Art (justice prop) the worthy President, With the same calmness both of brest and eye That you into much greater writings fpye, Deign but to look at ours, Thalia then May happen fomwhat stoop to grace my pen. And you brave Heroes, whose grave counsels waite Upon the high delignments of the State; And who skill'd in the Laws do first amend. And then the burden of their rule defendi: So that front Ailas is not faid more even With a strong shoulder to prop up the heaven. You freere the English, you the Pilots are, You fit at prow and poope in peace and war,

While

While you do feek Charybdis fad to fly, And would put off the Rocks of Monarchy. With fafe and gentle gales you change the Scene, And make a Sate where Monarchy hath beene : Thus free from danger at the last in health Arrives ith' port a happy Common-wealth. Tell me ye Muses in your milder Vein To fing these changes what must be my strain. These joy'd retreates no verse can truly sing. Cromwells return doth nought but raptures bring. Til now the earth groan'd through the weight of war. Scarce was the care of cattell, use of share; The fields were barren and did useless ly. Through the neglect of ceafing Husbandry. Wildom was out of date, had no regard, Minerva and the Muses small reward, The pious Prophets little leasure had, Vith warlike tumults being made afraid.

While

ite

Such

Such and the like displeasures alwayes are Attendants on the rage of kindled war. Crommel but thou fthy Countryes hope and care, Pious in Peace and politick in war; The present age their glory reads in him, And the amazement of succeeding time) Haft thut up Janus place with treble gates. And strongly call'd back Peace from lower shades, Whence to the Rulers both and people brought Shewes better times to those that better sought. Hence to us English springeth up new blis, And just reward to learning promis'd is. Parnassian Laurell will put forth new shoots. The mourning Muses will retune their Luies, To fing new verfes: no less doth the State. Arms being laid aside, grown moderate, Revive and rife again even from her urne At thy fo wished, thy so joy'd returne,

Feeli

Feeling her changed reines she doth implore, That Tyrants never her may ravish more. Religion faw thee come and hasted hither, Mercy and Piety met thee together, And here began to settle : Justice too Came back from heaven, and here her felf did fhew; And banisht from our English Coasts those jarres Which breeding factions had commenced warres. As the Sun entring th' Agenorian fighe, The happy Planet doth the earth refine, And the celestiall vertue quickning th'earth Begins new pledges for a tender birth : So doth bleft England flourish joy'd while shee Her Generall returning fafe did fee; The dancers leap'd, the Musick Iweetly playde, The warlike Transpet too rejoycing made, No hostile clangor to blood-swelling veines, ut sweetly Warbles forth some gentler straynes.

Feel

des,

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The

The zealous vulgar this just joy relent, Meeting therein City and Parliament; The Souldier more safe rejoyces now With Olive wreathes on his triumphall brow; He even his well-come Generall adores, And out of's heart to heaven thanksgiving powres. Thrice happy Brittans, whom the world so call, Under the care of fuch a Generall ! As Children, Parents, England values thee, Or as a Bride her Husband, to doth thee: Whil'ft broke with Scottish tumults, growing harms, And shook with cruell Mars his bloody arms, Begins at last at least to hope to see Her Treasure-blood-bought quiet under Thee.

But stay my Muse, rash Clio, whither away?
Thou know'st not how thy fails plow up the Sea;
Hold in, and lesser use the winde and Sail,
At the first setting out Oars best prevail.

It is enough for triall once to foare Up to the highest top of glories store; But if high flying now I shipwrack shall, I shall arise much prouder by my fall; For why? 'twould comfort both, and credit be In fuch a gulph of vertues even to dye. The league of peace so long since made was broke, By the unfaithfull Scot, who did provoke The harmless English by injurious harmes, To punish treachery with Victorious armes. rms, The Scottish truce thus broken, straight contempt, A while was throwne on th' English Parliament; Deceits by little to increase begin, At which report Bellona entring in, Taking the Vizer off did foon produce The horrid actions that were then in use. As fire rak'd up in ashes doth revive, and by a gentle blaft new heat receive;

It

3;

First

First burning fostly, with the hase playes, And like uneven shrubs, anon doth blaze More fiercely, while still it burning moves. And levels without number woods and groves; Sparing nor knotty Beach, high Alb nor Pine, So much renowned for that head of thine; Thus rageth Scotland in her war, her ire, While every house brings fewell to the fire : While every hand and age more arms do bring, Scotland of nought but warlike troopes did ring. Such was the madness of the Priests, and such The Presbyterian power, and so much Besides the peoples dotings were so great, Of that which heaven withstands, 'tis vain to treat. A fwift, a fure revenge, plagues, death, what not Will persecute the Covenant-breaking Scot. God will destroy them : Cromwell doth appeare With his unconquer'd troopes victorious there,

Removin

Ode of PEACE.

Removing hence, the war he there doth start,

More cunning then the soe in his own art.

Thus the unhappy Scot is compast round

Within the limits of his proper ground,

And turn'd their sword on their own plotting pate,

By them for us intended with such hate:

Thus did Perillus in those torments dye

Wherein he other's had design'd to lye.

The Generall proceedes; the Common peace,
And common danger do his cares increase,
To wast his troopes to Secress ground in time;
Who meetes a sickness cures it in its prime.
He undertook this journey, that he might
His countreys honor and the people right:
Worthy revenger of unfaithfull acts,
Whose virtue samous by so many facts,
Oppressed with so many treacheries,

eat.

C 3

Ennobled with fo many victories,

Tryed

ovin

Tryed with fo many fuff'rings ; yet no art Could make him waver, fear, give ground or start; Learning at last that ridicle to know, A Scottish battail is but wars mock-show. So the fair Cyprels having fixt his rootes,

Boasting her high-top-growing, heaven-sent shootes Doth nothing fear winters tempelluous stormes,

Nor Tyrant Aolus his threatned harmes.

Then go to Fame, paint out old Times best story,

We can no less then Romane Trophies glory;

Admire our Gromwell, fading Englands fort,

A sconse whereto the Britaines may resort.

Not Italy to Fabius, nor Greece

So much doth beare to her Themistocles,

Nor Carthage proud to her known Haraill,

As we to our renowned Generall:

Nor Trojan Hettor, nor Aneas just,

Penelopes Vlyffes neither mult,

Or Priam Equall him : though Fame their glory boaft Upon the confines of each feveral coaft. Bleft Hero, whose uprightness all commands, Whose joy in vertue more then triumph stands, Thou fcorn'st the peoples suffrage, or their praise, Those airy cracks cannot thy Trophies raise; Thus doest thou valiant Leader overthrow Thine enemies, thy felfe thus conquer too. While you curb passions sea, and wandring sense, You shew your felf guarded with reasons fence, As Caffor is reported to restrain, Those tam'd yoke-bearers with Amyclean rain, Well dear ! thou care of heaven ! the fole renown Of future ages, Brittains fort and crown, Thy Countrey ownes thee as her Dearest Son, Yet doth to thee as to a Father run: While shewing hearty Love, she quits now free, All former Tyes at thy return for Thee.

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C 4

Exped

Expect her peace I her reformation must Have thee her refuge, her assured trust;

The fatall judgment seat doth ask the same, The Courts of Justice even adore thy name, And in the fatall danger that they stand, Implore the help of thy victorious hand.

But too much hast is nought, stay, what do I In this mean paper scrible things so high? These are not things for our so humble quill, Void or of worth, or confidence, or skill; Nor Ivy dare I put among the boughes Of conquering Cypress circling round your brow. Why should I speak the rest? why should I blaze The civill battailes of our troubled dayes? To count the conquered foes, the nobles flain, This is a labor, this a work of pain; Whose many funeralls and herses stand, So many Trophies of thy conquering hand.

Marfton,

Marston, and famous Tork will Pillars raise,
With large inscriptions for thy greater praise:
Naisby Triumphall Arches will compile,
Excelling far the Pyramides of Nile;
Though to the wandring stars th' advance their head;
And in Fames book are the worlds wonders read.

This was no period, here no end as yet To his atcheivement, or his praile was let; England alone can't circumscribe his fame, The world it felfe's too narrow for his name : While o're the fea you waft your troopes, and goe Implacably upon another foe, Ogygian nets were laid; the Irish shore Trembled at thy approach, though proud before. Thus conqueror in England, you proceede The Rebell-Irifh to chastife with speede; O're whom victorious too, at last you come To scourge the Scot in his own hated home.

Ron,

A Gratulatory

14

And brought? their necks under a double chain, Who were before impatient of the rain. The glory is as great, the happiness, Of conquering that people, is no less Then from that feared watching Dragon fell, By cunning stratagems the fleece to steal; Or the half Bull, half man Chimara tame, Kept in the Cretane Labyrinth of fame. Thus you proceede still happily, and do As often fight, lo often triumph too. While for your Countreys liberty and right, While for Religions take you truly fight; Even God will help you, and the stars will stand, Assistant to your troops in rear and van. The heaven stayes for thee, moving not a jot, An ample Weight of glory halt thou got. To have the Thund'rer lead thee as it were, And to have servants full of pious care.

Vulcan

Vulcan himself put on thy arms, and those Sicilian Cyclops magazines compose, Brontes thy feared Crest and helmet made, And Steropes temper'd the active blade Of thy all-threatning (word, Pyracmon yields His best endeavors to thy massy shields; Thy Huntingdon doth still this favour crave, Thee with her native brooks and springs to lave. Tethys her felf brought up thy borfe, neer whom Arion. Theren can't for courage come. Nor Cyllarus, nor Ethen can compare, Made tame by Pollux hand the yoke to beare. On Souldiers backs how well do corflets fit ! How well do martiall hearts and brest-plates fit ! When once the Scottish Armies faw the fire Diffule it felf, each minute growing higher, When once they faw our fo-increasing light. And crefts whose tops like diamonds shined bright,

There might'ft thou in amazement fee men stand, Of fearfull coward hearts, and trembling hand, And trees were from their stations like to fall, Such was the presence of our Generall, As on the Lybian coasts, when weaker beasts See a fierce Lion range those long-left wasts, If they distrust their heels and fear to fiy, Straight at his feet they lay them down to dy. So barbarous Scotland did the entrance dread : Magnanimous Cromwell, tear neer made her dead ; The shadow of so great a name as Thine, Made Caledonia tremble when but seene, So did our standards fright those Scottish flaves, They shun'd our troopes and sought them safer caves. Lik Crowes that hover o're those fields, where Mars Hath glutted's fury in the heat of wars, Sitting securely safe, while all is still; Preying now here, now there with greedy bill;

17

But if a halty hunts-man, or by chance On that fad place a traveller do glance, Affrighted straight their pitch-like-wings they take, And with out-stretched necks the same forfake. Tell me ve Scots: how oft were you defeate By war-like Cromwell? Towns how firong and great, With Forts and Castles hath he overthrowne? in one years compais, how much hath be done? Go to, and call to minde that former fight, When famous Cromwell with his very fight Uanquish't your coward Armies, and did venter The quitted garrison of Dunbur to enter. Speak (if old griefs'tis lawfull to tenew)

You that the confines of (once) Glads-more knew,

Relate those slaughters; when stout Lambert fought,

The great Montgomery, and to nothing brought

Both his and Nairnjestroopes; I say relate

When his small force on Hamilton did waite,

But

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ives.

Cars

And in a hafty, yet well order'd fight. Great-bragging Kerr and's fellows put to flight. Lambert, what more should I of thee set down? That art thy Countreys both and Yorkes renown Who draw'ft the English with the cords of Love, But mak'ft the Scots thy fwords fharp edges prove, While careless of thy blood, thou dost encrease And to the English would'st establish Peace. Who can recount the foes flain by thy hand? What arms have been reduc'd by thy command? For Maro's quill thefe things are onely fit, They onely fuite with Homers sharper wit. Great Fleetwood I of our present age the glory, Of future times the trust and faithfull story, It is not fit, nor can our humble string The worthy prayles of thy actions fing. For why? fuch plenty cloyes, and I grow dry Like Tantalus in midst of waters high.

Nor can I fpeak enough of what was done By thy fam'd vertues gallant Harrison; That by thy growing merits doest augment, Thy Countreys honor: neither art thou spent With stollen titles studying how to rife, But lying vainer honors dost despile, Knowing that granted truth, that thou shalt get More noble glory, to be good then great. Whaley, who truly can thy praise set forth? Most noble Deane, what can describe thy worth, Potent at fea and land, whose ready skill s fortunately met with active will? Or who, brave Okey, can thy deeds rehearle As they deferve in a sublimer verse? Nor can I famous Lytcot pals thee by, Or let Mankes actions in oblivion ly, Vinder the first of whom my felf begun In Martiall pathes a ready course to run.

1

ve,

First when the Scots on English riches prey'd, Next when our troopes the Irishaid invade. No more, it is enough, I must not pass Th' appointed limits of my hour-glass. To you, brave Souldiers, I this little fing, Summing great acts in compass of a ring; The time perchance may come, (if once my Mule Can take the boldness confidence to use) That I may write such fields, such deedes, such wars, More largely, by the help of favouring stars, And to discover in a graver strain, The many Triumphs of your Irifh gain. With fuch like Omens war-like Lambert still Proceedes, and Scotland doth with terror fill, Which straight began with an inveterate hate Some new feditions to meditate. The villages loft peace; when Country Clownes, And brawny neat-herds fled to fenced townes.

What

What rage and terror then was in the brest
Of Musleborow, spoyled of her rest,
To hear her neighbouring Croziers crack, and see
O're all her bordering fields slain bodies lie?

Say, when our Leader did possess those hills

Of Penc-land, and their tops with foot-men fills.

How was th'adjoyning Countrey moved, and how Did murmurs through the villages creep now?

The sword and bullet knocking at the gate, Red-house was open'd to the souldiers straight, and Collington seeing our lucky hap, Tieldest thy felf into the conquerors lap.

Relate that happy Omen of our war,
The famed wondrous battel of Dumbar,
Fit to be kept for ever holy, when
Cromwell, more strong in's vertue then in's men,
O'rethrew the head-strong impious rout of those,
Call'd the Kirk-party but the Churches foes.

E

Whee

rs,

What liberty was then, how cruel rage Was acted by the fword on every age ! The bullets flew, o're all the field were fpread Disheartned men that dying were, or dead; Nor from the darkened skie doth ever fall So much, fo great, fo terrible a hail, Even when the Sun his shining lustre shrouds Under the threatning veiles of fable clouds; Or when thick mists the darkned air bedew, Foreshewing rainy weather to ensue. The ground infectious grew, with such a blast Was layd as open all the woody wast; The beeches fall, the husbandman doth finde His broken corn lodg'd by this furious winde, And nipt his blooming hopes even in their bud, Which in his thoughts before as ripned flood; Thus did Bellona proud of flaughter rage, Boafting her felf in funeralls and strage

Fell Mars his work, while with the blood that's fhed The very hands of every man grew red. Alas I what store of Scottish Commons fell, What Priefts, what clerks, what leaders how did fwel, That great account by the vast multitude, Of the unknown and name-less vulgar rude ? Tell me ye Muses, what loss did redound, What damage to those Scottish vagabonds, Flying dispersed o're the scattering plain, Unto the neighbor garrison, though vain. Alas! the pastures did abound with woe! Proceeding from that tragick overthrow; The bodyes of flain men lay scatt'red here, Wounded and maimed in their members there, Strayning their purple blood upon the grafs, Even moving pity in such foes as pass. As in a ship bracked by flormy blaks; Whole broken ribs, here, there, the Ocean cafts

Now under water, now above again. What discord grows there in the swelling main! The decks can't keep the faylers, now the maft. Anonthe Sail-yard 's in the waters caft. Here the failes float far off, and there behold. Both Pilots feat, and rowers loofe their hold. Such madness in that Scottish rout did raign. So fell their Souldiers, fo their youth was flain. The horse forsake the foot; th'unhappy foot Turning the scale straight leave the hors-men to't. But fee! their coward leaders arms thrown by Leave both forfaken, and most basely fly a By providence thus Cromwell, still you bear A Lawrell in your hand as conquerer ; Thus with the fword the falling Scot you reach, And the rewards of peace from war you fetch ; Extracting honey from that fatall juice. Which all men elie as poylonous refules

Let all posterity think how memorable That fight to th'English was and profitable ! Which we who find the profit must confess, Then the great ft acts of former times no lefs. For if we weigh the English few weak hands, And note the foes fo great, fo many bands; Marin himself gave not so great a blow, Vnto the Cimbriams in their overthrow: Nor was that famed Perfin defeat, At Marathon fo cruell or fo great, When fout Miliades the fight made good, Even till the field was buried in blood.

Thus happy Cromwell, daring greatest things,
Adswounds to wounds, slaughters to slaughters brings;
Leaving the road, his fword new wayes did hew
Through that base people, till a conquest grew.
Let fame forget each ancient Roman wighte,
And not Fabrains or Serranus cite:

D 3

Flaminius

Flaminim ecascior Fabius to read, That by delays his flaved Countrey freed; Speak not of Pompey, nor the deeds enhance Of Cafar, that to heaven their fame advance. Neither let Greece in all her height of pride, Brag of her Heroes that were Deify'd, Nor her Vlyffes of fo fharp a wit, Nor Jafon that the golden fleece did get. For why? the Vertues of our Generall Equall the Trophies of these worthies all. What faid I equall? heaven will witness bear, Our Mars his fame exceeds their want as far As the tall Cypress, that to high doth grow, O're-tops the Ivy that but creepes below. For if we may speak truth, but one great deed, The ancient Heroes famous oft decreed; One Heltor made Achilles fam'd, and one Darins rais'd the name of Macedon.

But one Heraclian vict'ry did create Parrhus not onely great but fortunate. To Hanniball one Canna gave a name, Scipio from bim did raise a latter fame. One Mithridates heighten'd Pompeys praise, Whose fall did Julius Casars Trophies raise; So the Lernaan Lake one Hydra bred, In the Arcadian woods one wild boar fed. On the Nemean rock one Lyon was, One Gerron for Three bodies did surpais, But one Antam of Gigantick frame, Whom thou Alcides with thy club didft tame. But Cromwell's greater yet, whose frequent blowes Thousand Gigantike monsters overthrowes, Taming proud Nobles with a fatall stroke, Bringing their necks under a fervile yoke; Revenger of Scotch Tyranny, who will, On the poor people better laws distill.

At last, report had carried neer and far, The news of this, the flaughter of Dumbar, And the Kirk-party overthrown relates. Thus forced by their neighbors evill fates, And the quick fall of many castles strong, To Istrome, Crawford, Godward that belong, To reckon which would to a volum mount, And 'tis unfit at present to recount : They yield themselves, and to our mercy leave Their empty walls, our Souldiers to receive. As a free Lyon ranging in the plain, Doth mock the barking of the dogs as vain, And conscious of his strength, fears nought, but flyes Enraged on the Hunts-mens treacheries, Chasing the dogs, and Hunts-men here and there, Making a Vacuum where he doth appear. Whole herdes of beafts through terror stand as dumb, And at his pleasure Vasfals do become, Being

Being too few to tyre the preying paw

Of wolves and beares, or glut their greedy maw;

Choosing their death, they'de be one Lyons food,

Rather then thousand dogs should suck their blood.

Tell me ye Mufes (that do oft relate The greater actions of a rifing state.) Tell me I fay, what horrors did arise, In Edinburghs laddwellers hearts and eyes, When first our Generall did invest about That City with his spreading armies stout? Say, inthy streets how did the tumults roare, When, Edinburgh, thy Natives greater store Fled, and of comfort did themselves bereave, And of their own accord their dwellings leave; When both the Souldiers and Commanders runs Shelt'ring themselves in High-land Garrisons? Like birds by coming winter forc'd away To warmer climats for a furer stay.

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Such was that Cities terror, and fo great. But the more generous fons of Mars retreate Into the Caftle, that for building rare And strength, with our best English may compare; Then which in all the Caledonian land (Sterling except) a rarer doth not stand. For this those other Castles doth out-vye, As a grand monastery built on High, Those other creeping houses doth out-go, Which round about it placed are below. Or as the Moon those leffer light excells That in the sky are hidden as in cells? Now Crommells fame and labors did defigne The Castle and defenders t'undermine. Upon the towers they their standards place, Part guard the walls, part are in other case Loading with stones the upper battlement. Nor did their rage stay here, but further went Within,

Can

Within, without their fury they display : Here some the corn, there others cut down hav. Cramming their bags to burfting, corne and all That they can reach hoarding within their wall. And what through fear they can't import they burne. Themselves chief foes unto their fruits and corne. Alas poor wretched Citizens, whose fate Is to become fadly unfortunate? Whither, O whither do you think to fly From a Provoked angry Deity? Though you inclose your selves in rocks, and heap Up strengths together liberty to keep: Yet neither walls nor forts can force delay On fwift revenge, when in her haftened way The strongest gates cannot refist her force; No brazen walls with-holds her in her course : Nor can your Castle, (which such Columnes beare Though to the clouds it's lofty head it reare,)

ithin,

Can from the scourge of Cromwells wrath secure Your guilt, or to you liberty insure.

But now under the walls our Generall came And of his coming overwent the fame, (That they might never into question call, The carefull mercy of our Generall) When drawing neer, he first a summons sent, That if they would be speedily content To yield the Caltle so besieged, he Would give them quarter and fair liberty. Such pious godly care we only finde Kept in the casket of a noble minde; But they elated with vain-glorious pride, With boafting brags our clemency deride. (Free from our Souldiers, in their Castle safe) With jeering taunts they at our proffers laugh; Straight they'r alarum'd, and the trumpets found To arms, each Scot takes his appointed ground.

And

And now with wrath the blood begins to boil,
The cruell fword, and fire begin the spoil,
The heaven even thunders with the noise of war,
The flying bullets dark the troubled air.
Nor do the Northerne windes more loudly rage,
When £olus opining their close kept cage,
Lets there rush out, and calleth back again
Orion with the windes that showte down rain.

On th'other fide did Cromwells army stand
Triumphing in their victory, not gain'd;
A squadron of old sootmen pitched here,
Who for a samous death had quit all fear;
And with undannted courage dare to run,
And meet the bullet from the thundring gun,
Dreadless receiving the swords direfull stroke,
Even destiny it self they dare provoke.
The samous Generall bold on these straight calls
For warlike Engines to approach the walls.
Wherewith

And

Wherwith the strongest He can foon make weak, And through the inmost rooms of Castles break. Nor in the Cannon was his only hope, Worfe Instruments of death are now laid ope : A Mortar-peece was brought, whole very fight Sufficient was th' immured for to fright (About the mouth it did appeare more wide In a great Circle raising up the side) When it goes off, you fulphurous flames may note Fram'd by the Cyclops, belching from his throat; You would beleeve the heaven were darknes grown, And that the Basis of the Earth made moan: It did but make a noise, and straight there was A Breach, wherby whole Troops of men might paffer Hence by this thunder, with their frequent blows Weary'd at length, the Caftle fearfull grows, And that wals best upholders, those same Bars VVhich never danger knew in former wars,

Did

Did now begin to shake, and doubt their strength, Fearing their utter ruine at the length. The belieg'd Citizens now in despaire Their courage lofe, and 'tis their only care That they together hand in hand may dye In this to publike a calamity. All things their ruine feare, and to be brought Or to their ancient Chaos, or to nought : Now they believe the Stars inflam'd may fall, And that their eyes see the worlds Funerall. Not much unlike a well-grown Hart (that doth In his faire hornes equall the Beeches growth, And in his flight the wind) infnar'd at laft Stands at a bay, th' Hunters about him cast Into a Ring, feeing himfelfe befet By barking Hounds, intangled in a net, Perceives their clofing shoutings fet a date Unto his Life, and haften on his Fate.

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Sad Fate of Scotland ! doubly full of woes; Within by terrors, and without by foes. And in these fractions doubtfull what they will; Whether to reeld their Grength or keep it ftill, Th'iffue proceeds from wavering defire. On this fide whifp'ring hope doth good inspire; Standing on that fide burtfull feare they find With various fancies to disturbe their mind : But taught by greater evils of the wars, And by the influence of malignant Stars, While they do weigh the strength of adverse Arms, And see their Neighbors daily growing harms; Feare overcame at last, and so decreed, That to furrender there was fatall need. Say; then what glory did our Troops receive; When such a Foe did such a Castle leave; And Cromwell, having gotten both the Place And Magazines, did presently possesse

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Tis

The fame with chosen fouldiers of his own. Making that Princely Fort his Garrison. Thus Edenborough taken, all the rest That were of imaller strength, themselves address To Him in hope of mercy, learning with To Crommels (word with patience to submit. At Paulus deaththe case with Rome thus stoods When Canna waso'reflown with Roman bloods Th' Apulians, Brutians, Samuites, fell away. With the unfaithfull, though rich Capaa, Opening her Gates to conquering Hannibal, Fearing his Force might be too Tragicall. What should I speak of Kelbright, Kinmore, Hame? Or why of Black neffe should I talk assume? Kilkowbrey's gone, nor could Tantallon feape Free from our fwords most just though furious Rape: Though spurred on by malice, madnesse, halt, With horrid flames he laid whole Townships walt.

he |

'Tis not my work to write each action,
Or name each Fort or Town, great Cromwell won,
That tedious Labor would be much more fit,
For an Historians accurater wit,
Who in large folio Chronicles indite,
Whose length great acts doth rather hide then write;
Leith, Lithgoe, Rosband, I pass by and more,
To sing atcheivements, never done before.

Tell me ye Muse; how it came to pass,

That in our Troopes such confidence there was;

And how beyond all common humane sense,

In all designes we had such confidence:

When our brave Leader did each day renew,

His horse the sying enemy to pursue,

In little boats he sent a thousand foot,

Over the Frish, to put the fee to rout.

Who did so well, that the associate shood.

Gres

Great was that work; whose like was never found Within the limits of all Scotlands ground. Horatius Cocles, thy report be dumbe. And wonder at the dotage of old Rome. a Thus is the fea cover'd with ships and boats. Cafar himselfe did not more safely float Upon the Rhene, or tame the prouder courfe Of Rhodanus proud waves by witty force; Nordid Augustus teach Araxis so, By joyning banks, th' yoke to undergo. Nor did great Xerxes merit fuch a name, When he the rouling waves did feek to tame By casting fetters on them, and did threat Irons to Neptunes selfe at his retreat. Happy that voyage was, happy in both Its end and entrance; the Pellean youth Did not more fame by his atchievement win, Nor with more happy Omens did begin,

rest

te;

(Fear'd by the Moores, and Indians) when he was Convey'd o're Ganges as a Common pass, And all the dangerous hardships did o're-come Of the Gigantike Porno far from home.

Tellime, what rage or fury thence did flow, What wrath in Iohns-town dwellers hearts did grow, When our brave troops possess the adverse shore, And made Fefe tremble with their coming o're, While yet we are hardly entred, and our scouts The neighbor coasts were ranging round about. What a new tempest bringing death did rage, Dewing the moyfined fields with blood and ftrage? War made men mad, the fields were cover'd too With growing tumults and with enfignes new. Their army rag'd, as if all Scotland had To ruine Cromwell a conjunction made : But he refolved for all, doth undergo Meekly, the worst Fortune can put him to,

For

For the high glory of the English name, And to protect Religion from fhame. Protected thus and guarded from above, To adverse coasts he doth more boldly move. He doth the fword and bullet fearless pass, Standing against them as a wall of brass. Like to a rock that lifts his towring head Above the Sea by tempelts furrowed; When th'angry windes lift up her waves so high, That you would think they'd reach the very sky : Yet stands it firmly 'gainst the furious puffes ge ? Of winds, and th' Oceans furious Counter-buffes, Rifing triumpher from his watry bed, Breaking the billowes with his conquering head. Speak (for ye know) how many captaines great, Were taken with their troopes in that defeat? How did death triumph in the fields of Fife. That cover'd were with bodyes voide of life?

For

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A Gratulatory

42

It was a fell-black-day, alas! how there
In various manners did grim death appear!
When Lefley fled well-hors'd, through cross by-waies.
And among others whom our troops did seize
As Captives, was unhappy Brown, who gave
Himselfe to Lamberts armes, his life to save.

Speak ye, whose soules are flow and dull as lead; Is ancient virtue or retir'd or dead? If that Book speak the truth ; if we believe What's written there, or it as true receive; Ye have been valiant, when your Armies stood, And Rhenes and Ifters streams dy'd red with blood, And when Count Tilly did affrighted stand, To fee the wonders acted by your hand. All Germany look'd on you as the Fort Whereto the Dutch-men chiefly did refort. Such was your honour then; alas ! but now Where is that former vertue? do you know

Ode of PEACE.

Only to shew the Valour of your state Abroad, and be at home degenerate? Your spirits, like your soyle, are poore and dry, At home your hearts are in a Lethargy .: Your Army else would not let us surprize

Calenders fenced house before their eyes:

In fo great danger they like Cowards stand, Fearefull to lend their Mates a helping hand.

Thus Cromwell art thou Conquerour, thus do Armies furrender up themselves to You. Thy conquering fword thousands of foes doth rule, Whose habitation is the furthest Thale:

The valiant Scots and Pids, that did let fly Their Enfignes through the lower Germany, And those of other Lands that Conquerors be, Magnanimous Cromwell, are fubdu'd by Thee.

Thou dost destroy the Caledonian Boare, (Sooner than Meleager could before;)

Thou

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ead;

pod.

Thou brok'ft the bonds of tyrants now grown ftrong, And kill'dit the Hydra while it yet was young ; Half-buri'd England, while you were her Head, Rais'd up her felf again as from the Dead; By thee regayning strength she rifes free, Wasted before by Scottish treachery. What should I speak of more, what words or wit Can fuch high darings with expressions fit ? Or how can my to mean endeavors raife, Trophies to equall your deserved praise? Be it enough (fince all my pains fall short) To be amazed at the fam'd report Of your great actions, and fince all I write In these mean papers doth appeare too light; Seeming to do no more, when all is done Then hold a candle to the fhining Sun Or adde a drop unto the Ocean.

ng,

After our Leader had triumphing got, Into the Fifian region of the Scot, When both Saint Johnstons, and Burnt - Island came. And Torwood lubjects to thy honoured name : And other towns did of their own accord. Yield up themselves, and to our troops afford Shelter; the half-dead Scots feeing affairs Thus to go backward, falling in delpair. Suffering fuch woes in their polluted home. Refolve from that accurfed place to come. In so great danger only hoping health, (wealth : (Though much deceiv'd from th' English-Common-Such was the confidence, and fuch the hopes Springing among the Caledonian troopes. But that their hope was vain, the cure was worfe Then the disease and prov'd a greater curse : Wretches ye headlong run, (changing the star) Into the hazards of a sharper war.

After

So a poore Sayler toft from shore to shore,

When in a storm the winds and waters roare,

To whom no glimmering star yields any light,

No Cynofura to direct him right

In that his unknown way, being struck with feare,

Not knowing to what place his course to steere,

Stands void of sense, and while he seeks to say

The rooks, and barking Scylla to pass by,

And takes a care Synphlegades to shun,

Sad Fate doth make him on Charybdis run.

- 66 What reason, pray, had we to trust you so,
- "That you to England a new guest would go;
- "Totake those dainties from us, which you knew
- "Not being cal'd were ne'r prepar'd for you?
- "Think'st thou the English look'd for thee once more
- "That Presbyterian fancies did adore,
- " And on their flaved necks bore Calvins yoke?
- " Tell me ye mad men, what did thus provoke

" Your

- " Your minds to this beliefe, that you should have
- " From the discording English, what you crave?
- " Vaine hope! Caerdigan cannot helpe you now,
- "Nor are the Norfolke Rebels helpfull, who
- "Proud in their hopes of greater numbers grown,
 - 4 By Rich's smaller force were overthrown.
- " Most honour'd Rich, that dost advance thy fame,
- " And by thy vertues raise thy budding name ;
- " Who after he had Norfolke quiet made,
- " And those seditions by his Sword allay'de,
- " He fals upon the Scots, who once againe
- "Invade us, but he made their journey vaine :
- "That they might learne by such mischances sad,
- " Nought to the good is hard, fafe to the bad.
- "Keep back therefore, the Fates have all decreed,
- "Ye must not, Brethren, pass the River Tweed.
- "The way that leads to England is belet

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"With thorns, and difmall shades of mountains great

"Un-

- " Unlucky Birds did your first March attend,
- 45 And will wait on you to the very end.)
- "Poore greedy rout I you the fole wretches are
- "That cloiely nurfed our fire Civill warre;
- "Then wicked thou thy just reward wilt have,
- "And of a double tongue the loffe receive,
- When those Troops slain by se thou shalt bemoane,
- " And in thy losse and nearer ruine groane.
- of Oh! Nation base and treacherous! what lyes
- " Have you maintain'd as greatest verities
- " Under a specious Vizor ? Oh what Sects
- " And fwarmes of Errors did your zeale protect?
- "Who can relate, how wifely you did fow
- " Such feeds of discord as you knew would grow?
- "When thus your policy had gain'd the day,
- " How on th' intangled English did you prey?
- " With thousands witchcrafts you did them inchant
- es Forcing at last a guilefull Covenant.

" Could

- "Could love of gold, and like infatiate tricks
- " Saint you, and with us in our Border fix?
- " Was this your zeale, your Covenant, to rife
- " More rich and full by Englands miferies?
- " Was this your care to Canaan, that fo

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- "Your Thistle might in our Iweet Gardens grow?
- "And that your Tares might at the least oppose,
- "If not quite choke the growing of our Rofe?
- "This was the Scots fully relolved scope,
- "They thought them fure of this their wretched hope.
- "But Heaven forbad the banes, and with the eyes
- " Of pity, looking on our mileryes,
- "Turning the scale quite blasted all their hopes,
- " And in their Borders let our valiant Troops.
- "Could the blind zeale of Priests such ills perswade !
- " To quiet peace, through Seas of blood to wade :
- " Or that the fword was a fit instrument,
- "Religion to establish with content?

- " O damned impious crew ! doth your Kirke teach
- "Her Clerkes the very Goffell thus to preach?
- er What godline's is that, with bload and spoile,
- " And rage of War the Churches to defile?
- " Away, and to your Countrey when you come,
- "This Doctrine may be fit to teach at home:
- "Let your mad Priests belch out these Tenets there,
- " Your Scottish Kirks such things as these may beare;
- " If in these lines you happily may meet
- " Some barbarous names, (your pardons I entreat)
- er For I was forc'd to use them, fince but few
- "Would well agree with fuch a cock-braine crew.
- " But whither doth this straying error lead?
- "If I go further, convoyes I shall need.
- "Well I all this while I ipeake but to the winde,
- " And cast a Pearle before a durty swine.
- And now all things go back, for cruell Fate Sent o're the Scots our coasts to deprædate;

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And since at home they suffered so much ill, At last abroad their Fortunes try they will; Not much unlike a cruell Wolfe, whom bloud Of a young tender Lambe makes far more wood; Leaving his empty Den, he doth infest Sheep-cotes with grinning mouth, and hatefull breft, Where he a bloudy rendezvous doth keep, On the securer Neighbours harmless sheep. So Scotland thou, forgetting ancient fame, And having foyled thy once-better name, Unmindfull of thy Covenant, dost come To spoile the guiltless English in their home; Daring to hope, and in that hope you dare Some Trophies from our English wreath to teare. Oh foolish men, and too too credulous, By hopes delusive to be guided thus! Your sense is drown'd in such a Lethargie, Wherein the Hamiltonian troopes did lie,

VVhen

When happy Cromwell in Lancastrian Plains, Did with a handfull fee his army flain ! That against heaven with harden'd hearts did bowl. Nor would b' admonish'd by proud Pharaohs fall I For nor the cruell flaughter of that fight. Nor loss of fuch a battell could you fright. For Hydra-like one head cut off, you have Not one but two ith' place, more feeming brave, With tongues extended mingling hiffes great, Wherewith you ruise to opposers threat. Like to a bull ta'ne from his wonted bait. At last regathering strength doth fiercely waites And whisking's fatted buttocks doth invites Now with his foot, then with his horns, to fight, And then again unto the skirmish cogs, By his loud Louring the stout Mastive- Dogs. So you poor Scots, like hunted beafts fecure Account your felves, till you your felves immure

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In Worcester, there a gin and net
To catch your felves at unawares you fet,
You build the Funerall Pile, whereon you'l lye,
And doe as 'twere appoint your day to dye.
Whom providence enraged doth defigne
To ruine for their fin, it gives the line,
Untill at last blind by security
They are the authors of their misery.

And now the Scottish Armies weary'd are With the crosse chance of unsuccesseful war, And with the toile of tedious Marches prest, Till Worcesser did become their place of rest: Nor was there any place whereto they might Betake themselves more safely in that plight; The tumult grew so great on every side, That very clowns arm'd to the war did ride. And gallant Cromwell daring greatest things (Whose very name an equal terror brings

In

vl,

To Scottiff hearts, and feare as dreadfull works, As Caftriots did among the scourged Turks) Him all the Scottish Nation feare, and By When with his Army he approacheth nigh. Like Chickens, who no fooner fee a Kite Stoop with his wing, but in a deadly fright To the first place of safety they make hast, And foon get in, each fearing to be last. Or as the Lybian Offrich; if the fpy Over the lands by chance men passing by, With her rich plumes straight hides both head &ey, And by that means conceits her felf unknown, And now the fees not, thinks the's feen by none : So too kind Worceffer did the Scots receive, And like a mother all their wants relieve : But oh fad off-spring, thou most viperous brood, Whom nought contents but fuch a Mothers blood!

For whose defence that City underwent So many flaughters, hath fuch detriment; That if it would, it cannot but retaine Fresh in its mind the sadnes of their gain. Alas ! unhappy, whither doft thou flee? That City will not Refuge Stand for Thee, Though with the Country you at first prevaile, And make your first met enemies to quaile; Yet Cromwels deadly fourge thou canft not flum, Such provocations are not Scot-free done. Not much unlike a Ship that Pirates bears, Preying on all, replete with Rollen wares Of daily spoiled Barks, but if at last 'Tis on a ship of war adversely cast, Alas, how foon it fuffers ! and must beare That loffe, for others which it did prepare ! od! Her Sayles are torne, her Oares are broke, and now For Toft by the winds, the doth the Ocean plow,

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Till

Till now no longer able up to keep,

As she deferv'd, shee's drenched in the Deep.

And now 'twas fully by the heavens decreed, To give the Scots an overthrow indeed; The Fates did presse it, and the Furies were With all their mischiefs summon'd to be there. The Sun foreseeing that so great defeat, Under a cloud did make a fad retreat. And to Olympus tremblingly he trips. Making an unaccustomed Eclipse; The standing Stars distilling waters powre, The Scottish woes ensuing to deplore. Nor were they long delay'd, All-conquering Fate. Within short time those things did perpetrate. For the three fatall Sifters never know Their furious wrath intended to foreflow. Then ye triumph'd, when Cromwells valiant Train, With brave atchievements V pron-bridge did gain,

What trumpets founded the alarum then? How did the hoarfer drums call out the men. Haltning those troopes that first were in a fright, With promis'd hope of glory to the fight ! The flaughter with the horse-men doth begin. Unto whole help th' enraged foot run in. Arm, arm, they cry. And thus both parties meet. And with their fwords in hand each other greet? And that no terrors wanting might appear, The Gun re-ecchoing thunder doubles there and by their fending thew what they prepare. he heaven was clouded with a dismall mist, Which of thick smoke and bullets did confist; The ratling noise of arms did make the ground remble for fear, and yield a dolefull found. pening her very inmost bowels wide, een through the open gapings on each fide?

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SULA

sure no fuch noise in heaven and earth doth rife, When Jove commands out of his Treasuries Whole showers of raine and haile, and brings againe Those Stars to fight, he did before restraine. Nor doe inclosed . Eina's flames, though blow'd By astrong blast of wind, roare halfe so loud; The ayre grows dark with smoaking fires, each stone Scorcht by the fiery heat fends forth a groane. How grew your rage fo fierce ! O how increast Such cruell anger in your heated breaft ! The Armyes edg'ling fight, they mingled stand, Swords meeting fwords, and hand encountring hand. Like to the Contaures, when with dreadfull cryes Against each other they with fury rife: Hylaus puls up rocks, and Hippafon With torne up Trees doth lufty stroaks lay on; Abas with monstrous strength doth Castles throw: And Polyphemus comming from below

Out of his den, with some excessive weight Exceeding all the rest the ayre doth beat; Raging Anteus, Lapithus more fierce Does through the fides of his mad brethren pierce ; Nylaus rifes, and whole woods doe shake Bistonian Rocks with terror strook doe quake; Othrys and Offa tremble, and the reft Feare by their doings to be quite supprest. The victory was doubtfull, for the fight Was full of various changes : now to flight This fide betook them, and anon they fly On t'other fide : they must or run or dye. Now with full hopes on Cromwels Troops the failes, And straight unto the Enemy recoyles; Thus Fortune kept the triumph doubtfull long, None could decide who was more flout, more ftrong:

As when the Northwind with the Ocean strives, And the then calmer waves to tempelts drives,

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A Gratulatory

60

The tottring ships do first on one side lean, Then with the wind to t'other turn again : So many turns did in this fight appear, Such many changes; and the chance of War, Though it stood doubtfull yet it did proclaim, Bayes for the Victor to the conquer'd shame. One wing of Cromwells feem'd at first to yield, And falling in it felf, to leave the field: But when the Royall Fort our Generall gayn'd, And kill'd the valiant Scots that it maintain'd, Immediatly they on the enemies are Quicker then lightning or a falling-star, Being the first within the Cities wall. And now th'example of the Generall, And his fo war-like presence did increase New strength in those where it began to cease. The English Souldiers minds are now on fire, And blown with angers bellowes still grow higher:

So

So force encrealeth from received wrong. And Vengeance by delay grows twice as strong. Nor was't enough for ours, in every freet The proudest of their enemies to meet. And kill, but they fearch every Lane, And every house hath in it some one saine. Where fearch they not? the fword no Church doth But rages in the very market place. (país, Now a new storme arises, (such as * He * . Æolus Who keeps the bluftring winds did never fce,) Which did the troubled Citizens affaile. And in the Cities very heart prevaile. What fury there? when strife, the sword and rage Even in the Market acted hoursly strage, When heapes of dead, and those that stoucly stood Fil'd every house with danger and with blood: When both the childrens and the mothers cries Did with their terrour pierce the very skies? Vertue

So

Vertue and Honour in that fight appeare Clos'd in the breft of every High-Linder. Whom no attempts could breake, no valour tame. But with their (words, til kil'd) they rais'd their fame. The more they were opprest, the more they raise Their greater minds (to their eternall praise) In death, not flight, they did their vertue flew; And from the flaughter rifing up anew, Like Wolves, they run upon the fword and speare, Nor Bullets they, nor armed Legions feare. You'd thinke them either desperate or mad, When cover'd with their shields, themselves they add Unto that place where Mars doth reigne as chiefe, Scorning the title of a given life; Slaughter to flaughter adding, still they go First wounding, next they kill the wounded foc. Like to a cruell Dragon, full of scales, And therin dreadfull, gainst whom nought prevailes, Whole

Ode of PEACE.

63)

Whose brawny back feares no ensuing harmes. Nor can be pierced by the strongest Armes. But if his Belly or more fecret parts Be once but touched by the meanest Darts. How soone he fals, how soon his breath is fled ! See I how he curles his body (not yet dead) In various circling formes I and at his death With stretcht out tongue, yield up his poysonous So the unhappy High-lander doth try (breath 1 All meanes for life, not knowing how to dye; At last the Sword and Bullet makes a lane Among their ranks, and to those Foot are flaine. Not much unlike a Husbandman, who goes Through all his fields, and with his Sickle mows The riper Corne, and the fit Grals for hay, Where e're he comes making an open way, And laies those Plants which did so glorious stand Like to dead Rubble, on the mowed land:

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Gratulatory

64

So do those towring lightnings fadly cleere The place from Troopes, and make a Vacuum there: But they undaunted bear the greatest ill Standing, their members fallen, and distill Their utmost strength untill they fall, and thew Their armes cut from the finews where they grew. Like to a happy Oake, whose Trunke so great Is both to birds and beafts a fafe retreat, Which hath endur'd the shocks of wind and weather Untouch'd and free for a long time together; Laid at, at last, with Axes doth begin His lofty head towards the earth to leane, (ground, Falling with monstrous weight, doth plow the Digging as 'twere his grave with falling down. So those brave Foot, who had the burden bore Of that fad fight, all day and night before, Seeing their loss, at last began to doubt, And faile; their valour was quite weary'd out:

For

Ode of PEACE.

65

For when the horse ingloriously were fled,
And left their Royall Squadron vanquished,
Then all went backwards with the Scots, then they
For their first treachery received the pay,
And the revenge due to them till that day.

Relate; how many carkales there were Scatter'd about the City every where, Which nor Eumenides nor Tifiphone could

Without a dismall horror but behold,

Which did encrease the shambles, while of course Whole heards of beasts dy'd there without remorse.

So great a worke it was to overthrow

And give the Scots fo terrible a blow.

All things at last thus running back and gone,
And the whole Army being overthrown;
And when poore Charles neither by prayers not
Could to a new engagement bring the Horse, (force

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He grows starke mad, (and trusting armes no more) His wretched fortune fadly doth deplore, (Weighing His Royall Race, and Kingly Stem) And blames the Stars, foes to that Diadem. So without more delay, to horse He hies. And much afflicted at his loss, he flies Among his scatter'd Troopes, t' avoid the fate Of Worcester blondy battell, though too late. Thus with much labour and expence of bloud,

(Mofley and others dying where they flood) Stout Cromwell did th' amazed City win, And lead his toyled weary Legions in. To take the plunder, due to their defert. For a new conquer'd City must impart Of force her Riches, and her captiv'd Youth Unto the Conquerors spoile and pleasure both: Rich housholdstuffe one Souldier plunders there, Another Princely Aras hanging here:

Entring

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Entring this house he richer comes away, Soone growing rich with fuch a royall prev.

But there were others, (whom not any love Offpoile, but hate against the Scots did move) Well hors'd, who laying Clemency aside, Did of the flying Scots purfuers ride. Whom once o'retaken, strongly they assaile, Nor do their prayers or teares at all prevaile; They spread their hands in vaine, for they must dye, And in the dust their hated bodies lye. Nor cease they here, still more and more they kill, A cruell flaughter doth continue still In stragling ruines, that far scatter'd be, As leaves in Winter fallen from the Tree. Tempelts fo great as thefe are feldome feen, Even when the Pleiades heve raging been, And shew their feared head, which showres beget Th' Olenian Capricornus to make wet.

Nor

Nor, Congleton, was that revenge the least, Which by the angred High shooes was exprest. Nor dost thou, Samback, let the Scots proud horse Pass free, but fallest on them with thy force; Those Country Clowns, which neither can nor wil Pardon, forget, or beare the imallest ill) As Bees, fly in his face, whose anger drives Them from the quiet of Hyblaan hives, Sharpning their ftings : fo thefe run with delight, And thole known forces do provoke to fight: Some arm'd with pitch-forkes, some with clubs, and (iomain Only with stones, unto the conflict come. Nor without flaughter could they drive them thence, Though they stood scarcely in their own defence. So when a Troope of many shepheards have With valiant Mastives slaine a Lyon brave, Which long before the Moorish coasts did wast, Th'Inhabitants, over-joyed, meet in hast

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On his despised feared trunk to stare, Some pull him by the main, some by the hair Of other parts, all fain would be before His bared members fearing now no more. wi The ancient mischiefes that he us'd to do At the beginning, they remember now. Nor otherwise rage they; what Muse can tell Thy gratefull anger, Samback, and how well The madness of thy many-headed Rout Became thee, as to skirmish they went out. Nor was that flaughter less, which did succeed ome in the Lancastrian fields by fate decreed, nce, When valiant Lilburne Darbyes forces met like Lightning, and the victory did get, Breaking his strongest troops at their first charge. But whither stray I? why do I enlarge Or dwell on these? If I should strive to write Each fingle battle, mention every fight, The O

The day would fail; And th'Ocean hide the fun, And stars would glimmer e're my task were done.

A glimple of peace, brave Cromwell now we fee Since Scotlands conquer'd, and o'recome by thee. Thus do you fight, and fighting overcome, And overcoming triumph: fame be dumbe; What more can be? here fets he up his reft. No, no, bis triumphs make the English bleft, Which way fo ere you go, you still prevail, Vertue attends you, Fortune fills your fail. With what old Heroes may I thee compare, Guardian of England, the renown of war? For few of these by upright fame were crown'd, Unwearied zeal with few of these was found: Some crimes their Vertue oftentimes did blot, Their milky colopr oft receiv'd a spot. As when a cloud obscures that eye of Night, The fun withdrawing his, the gives no light.

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As Cafars conquests did his honor raise, And crown his temples with Imperiall bayes : fee so did his treacherous dealing merit shame, and mixe dishonor with so great a fame. Nay more then this, most horrid but to ipeak, for gold the very temples he did break. and stayn'd his sword with country mens dear blood, f His unlawfull pleasures they withstood. Great Hannibal, Canna thy fame doth praife. that battell honor to thy Name did raile; That womens flights this Conqueror should spoil. his, this alone doth all thy honors foil. the farthest Indie and Taprobane did fing. h'eternall fame of the Emathian King: But when he was enrag'd, to his diferace, Cruell he'd fly into his Nobles face. ev'n at his feafts of mirth, his cruell fword Vith guiltless blood defiles his very Boord.

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But YOU Great Sir, Greater then Cafer are, The Empire of your Vertues reacheth far, And keeping Passion under, dost restrain Its infolencies with the strongest rain. No Avarice with it's destroying books Inrolles thy Name in Fames infamous books: At hopes of Lucre you unmoved stand, No wretched gold thy spirit can command. Nor doth the Carthaginians pattern please, By lying long in a continu'd eafe, And too much pleasure to lose war-like State, And grow unfit for Mars, effeminate: For you a charging horse, and sword embrace Before the witch-crafts of a womans face. And hating idle floth, and finfull peace. By constant warfare th' English dost encrease. Nor like the Macedoni an, drunk with wine, Doth passion sway you to a dire designe :

or moderation rules you, not abuse of Life you love, but a more fober use. from be angry, Prudence doth allay our milder temper; Clemency doth fway, nd feat it felf upon your calmer brow, lot breaking any that it can make bow. ne Scipio there is, whose name no blot ver receiv'd, whole vertue ne're had spot, Vith whom, thy Goodness admirably rare, nd pious zeal may make thee to compare. ouare both equall in the book of Fame, our equal love of justice faith the fame; ou both alike to maintain chastness move. oth alike goodness, and Religion Love. Vhat do I fing thy deeds? alas! my verfe cither thy prayle nor battells can rehearle. hey do exceed the Muses faith, nor can he quickest wit their true dimensions scan,

Unlefs he faw them and were p:efent by At the atcheived deeds, so done, so high; Thou Patron of our peace, and of our war The just revenger; you our belper are You come a new Alcydes, and do bear Those things upright, that er'st declining were. The greatness of thy minde did still supply Our wants, when losses made us gasping ly; You did with succors always ready stand, And fave from common shipwrack with your hand: You did that English-ruine-threatning war, Unto the Scots, that plotted it, trans-fer, Like Fove himfelf, who doth his lightnings throw On rocks and Pirates, carefull left a blow Should fhed our blood, his Thunderbolts doth caft Within the limits of some for raine wast. Your merits ask, Great Sir, a larger store, But you must pardon, if I can no more;

Twould be too great a Task; my skill furmount, All the atcheivements of your hands to count. Can I fo many great Commanders name? No, my weak Muse can never know the same. Mongst whom come Gray of Grooby like the Sun, His shining Vertue has the rest out-gone. That is his Countreys Father and delight. And a true Guardian of oppressed right, Whose faith in all the heat of war was try'de and: Yet without moving constant did abide; Whose constancy was lessen'd by no harms, Was neither shaken nor remov'd by storms: But like an anchor in this fea of blood, To stay the wavering people firmly stood. Most noble 6 the rest I'le not repeat, Nor speak thy care in Peace, and War how great : How many great endeavors didle thou blow With fortunes bellows, till at last they grow,

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To famous actions; and how great a light, Of Vertue didft thou shew at Worcester fight. My muse would longer dwell in such a field, That the to Disbroughs better times might yield Victorious Trophies, rayling to the stars His fame and acts of Valor in the wars. But now to war I here must fet an end, And what remaines to well-come Cromwell fend. Hail happy star ! Sweet comfort bringing light; Our Nations and this ages glory bright I At whose return, black clouds no more appear, Our calmer sky begins to shine more cleer. The Citizen, and Souldier both rejoyce, Shewing their joy in their triumphall noise; Pallas and Mars, arms laid afide, do meet, And weekly guarded, at this triumph greet Each other, while to laid aside they yield The Gorgons head, the fword, and gont -skin shield. Thrie

Thrice happy day that dost deferve a note Of happinesse never to be forgot, Which brought thee fafe from Scottifh enemies. And from the dangers of a dire difease, Returning thee to our more fafer shore More strong and healthfull than thou wert before. What gratefull thankes do we acknowledge due Goddard renowned for thy skill to you? Which brought back Cromwel from the gates of death, And when he gasp'd, as dying, gave new breath; Renewing th'intrals that before decay'd, Aud cur'd his ficknesse, which had all dismay'd. Thus Cromwell comes, whom false report had said Of his disease so long and doubtfull, dead. As a kind mother doth in mind embrace Her dearest son in some remoter place, Is to o'rejoyed, when once the fees the coaft Of her bewailed pledge fo long fince loft,

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That words grown infufficient to express The weight and greatness of her happiness, (Filling her fwelling heart and pleased eyes) She melts to teares, and when embracing cries: So England joyes at Thy returne, to the Ambitious dayly growes to honour thee; And in the reall wishes of her heart Shewes her sincerest Love to thy desert. Cambridge confirm'd by thy returne, doth boaft Thee for her Burgeffe, that her borders coast Thy neighboring birth-place, now remembring those Her ancient Honours, doth againe propose Unto her Muses promised reward From thy Paternall fatherly regard. And Oxford doth her happinesse prefer. Triumphing; under Thes her Chancellor. And now at last, if it may lawfull be, Mixtures of imall with fo great things to fee, Even

Even I my felfe mov'd by your vertues rage, To fing your greatnesse in this narrow page. As in a pleafant garden when we come Plucking the flowers, here and there we rome. Still plucking more, although in nothing rare, But that by our own hand they pulled were; And as we never count an evening cleare, Unless we number every chiefelt star : So with my humble quill I thought to write Only great acts, and famous to recite. The time may come, wherein I may declare At large the triumphs of your greater war, And all your Souldiers famous actions the w. Laying them open to the publike view. If those most honour'd Nobles of the State With their great Prelident but animate Kindly these first-fruits of my zeale and toyle. A new deligne may grow from every fmile.

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What

Gratulatory

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What hitherto is done, Great Cromwell lies Upon Thy Altars as a Sacrifice. Now it becomes the Collinels names to shew, (And but to shew them) and to tell those few That fell in fervice, fince you first did stand As chiefe Commander int he British Land. Of noble Sydney, Bingham, Heynes Id' speake, But straight-lac'd time doth my intentions breake. Who knows not Bark steads Regiments report, The Citizens and Cities happy Fort, For who declining were, or wholly broke, Fearing their state, the mielves to thee betooke, And turning fouldiers under thee, they reach To that whereto their Trade would never stretch. Thus to thy men thou'rt good, and they in thee, And thou in them halt a felicity; (And at the supreme Parliaments defire, While you brave Captaine do at home retire

Your

Your felfe from war, with a more watchfull eye Th' Army abroad you with Recruits supply. And as the Sea, into whose bosome go A thousand Rivers, doth more fiercely flow, Grown great with many waters, and expands Her raging waves o're all the neighbour fands: Such is thy Regiment, which though you draine, With fuller numbers still it swels againe; Now fending forces to the Irifh coalts, Anon transfunding into Scotland hofts. Cobbet; what narrow verse can thee inclose? Or who can Talbots worthy praise compose? Who did his knowing skill in warfare shew, When the Kings Troopes of horse he overthrew: Innobled by thy birth, and in the field, By thy true valour, thou to none dost yeild. Nor can my Quill, O Hafilrige, let forth Thy so excelling, so deserving worth.

Nor may I famous Conftable report Thy acts in briefe | leaft ftriving to be short I grow obscure) and in the middle breake His gotten fame, while I so little speake. I pais by Mackworth, and it grieves me fore That at the present I may speake no more: As of his perseverance in the right And wonted faith, which neither threats could Nor Kingly proffers win to bafer flight. (fright, Berry and Goffe, and famous Coxe I pals, And many other names which aske a place, Which I perchance may in a scrole set down, With famous Moyle our judge of high renown, That imiling fortune may my next part crowne. Brave Hacker, that half from the first drawn blood,

Brave Hacker, that hast from the first drawn blood, Immovable by art most firmely stood,

Both Horse and Foot, and Drums thy praise proclame,
And fierce Bellona doth extoll thy name.

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Nor will I mention old and ancient acts, But I will trace thee in those newer tracks, Thy latter deeds, which Scotland will attelt, And Worcester felt thy scourging hand and brest . (And which was first) i'ch' battell of Dumbarre The enemy found thy armes were fit for war. Nor can I ought of Gravener repeat, In whom all gifts of mind and body meet; Whole bloody hand, where ere it went, did fhew With how much strength it could lay on a blow. Of Bradshaw nought, whose Ancestors have been In the Lancastrian fields tome ages feene Ofold deducted from the Saxon Race. Neither for Erookes, nor Crexton have I place, Nor have I time to fet out Cheffers worth, Or tell how many Troopes they have fet forth. Or fay what Effex did : nor can I looke On Matthewes, Honney-wood, or famous Cooke. Nothing'

7

Nothing of Kenricke, Gibbons, may be faid, Both which in Kentile fields were bred. My Index would to a vast volume swell, If I on every severall head should dwell; If Twifletons, or honour'd Birches fame I with Fames shriller trumpet should proclame ; I will not speake the gallantry of Pride, Nor many others, which I pais belide : As Tomlingon and Alrea known of all, Nor Downing the Scout-master Generall. Beaumont, nor Benner, whom I only name, Commanded briefenels doth exact the fame. By whole victorious armes the English gain'd A glimple of concord, Tyranny restrain'd; By their encreased Liberty they have Restor'd unto them from the very grave. Whither doth my rash errour lead? do I

Only to Souldiers yield these praises high ?

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I do revoke those speeches, I recall My flipping tongue from that unwilling fall; For pious Zeale, the pulpits facred Lawes, And our own pray'rs flood bull-warkes of our cause. Some Ministers examples I'le unfold, Whose godly precepts, and monitions bold; Strengthened our war-prepared troopes with might; And made them oft victorious in fight. For Armes and Armies of no value be, Where not conjoyned with true piety, And helped with an awfull reverence Of the divine all-ruling Providence: Hence noble Deale and Lock yer you became The Pulpits honour, and the Preachers fame. And Stapleton in's predecessors great, While with diviner vertues he's repleat; Doth grace the Polpit on occasion fit, With the rich dowries of thy ripest wit.

That honour in our Armies you have got, What help your wisdome and your learning brought Unto our forts, the good event doth shew, And the got triumphs, which from thence did grow. And Peters (though thou scarce wert known before, Though thy report had hardly reacht our shore.) Thy vertuous courage, and thy zeale compile Their own record, worthy the highest stiles Whether the ministerial function You, Or publike civill charges looke into. Is there a man that in his place doth know A quicker wit, a readier hand to show? Who in the Pulpit is so oft and free, Declaring Heavenly Oracles as He? Nor doth he teach like them, who credit win By foothing up their Auditors in fin : But mindfull of the Gospell which you teach, And of that faving health whereof you preach.

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You foare more neere to heaven, and with the word
Pierce neerer to the heart than with a fword;
Only to preach at home, contents not Thee,
The Utmost limits of the world you fee:
And to the savage Indians where you came
The Gospell of salvation you proclame;
Shining a happy star to guide aright
Those barbarous peoples feet into the light.

Nor can my little leysure spare to sing
From what most noble Ancestors you spring,
Nor what great deeds their honour made to swell,
Thy noble Lignage let thy Cornewall tell,
And shew your late increased coat of armes,
How beautified from Hamiltonian harmes.
Thy wondrous zeale the godly doth befriend
A hand, to all that want or aske, you lend,
In thy admired vertue quick and wise,
Who on the common Altars sacrifice.

H 2

You

You to th' afflicted, like Achates, prove, To them, like Atlas, whom fad terrors move ; The falling English in the heate of war Were kept upright by thy upholding care. Nazeby, Wales, Ireland, Cornwall, Worceffer too Sooner or late have felt what you can do; Thy frequent toile, thy dangers, thy great heart Broke by no threatnings, let those menimpart, Who verst in war and Martiall bloudy ftrife, Know what belong to a right-ruled life. Thy travels both in body and in mind Let their relation be to them affign'd. These common things, Peters, I foly own Thy selfe and deeds, being both to me unknown. Pardon, I pray, I only mention this, That the Priests worth the English may confess; And that the peoples fafety doth not stand Fortifi'd only by the fouldiers hand.

And You who of the Councell of our State Members at prefent are, or were of late, Who by the supreme Senate are decreed The first in changed courses to succeed. GOD make you all unanimous, and bless You with eternall growing happiness: And, as Attendants, make the stars to waite Upon your high atchievements for the State; That pure Religion undefil'd may be Increasing with revived piety, Whose sweet perfame will to the heavins arise A gratefull and accepted facrifice. Then peace and truth will kifs; and all that finke Of horrid blasphemies to Hell will shrinke, Concord will grow, and all divisions cease, And all things whifper to the Brittaines peace, Then (hall the Woolfe, that with a fatallege Did meditate before new treachery, Against

nd

Against the lambe; bis fierceness laid aside, Henceforth together safely they reside, And the fafe flocks of kids need not to fear, When they the roarings of the Leopard bear; The Lions whelp and Calf, now void of dread, Dare company together in one bed. A little childe these tamed beasts shall lead Unto their pastures where content they feed. The Cow doth feed together with the Bear, Their young ones are Companions void of fear, The Lyon leaves to prey ; and the same field Both to the Ox and him doth fodder yield. All deadly payfon's taken from the Aspe, The sucking child him in his hand may graspe, Nor shall the Viper hurt the weaned childe, That forteth with him, it is grown fo milde. These raging beasts skall act no future ill, For God will feat his Cholen on a bill.

Even

Even on Mount Sion : when he shall record O're all the earth the knowledge of the Lord, As do the raging waters of the deepe O'reflow the earth in a tumultuous heape. Go on grave Fathers therefore, and imprint These secrets in the heart from facred hint: That the first honour of your counsels may To God redound, the next that peace may fway In all our Regions, while there is a day. And thou most honour'd Bradshaw by consent The parent of our State and President. (Although thy innate modelty won't beare All thy deserved praises but to heare; And though with patience thou doft hardly know The burden of thy honour t'undergoe) Yet give me leave, thy vertue and thy fame Moves me a little to extoll thy name.

Thou

The Vindicator of our Liberty, And sharpe revenger of our flavery; When first thy stretched hand did strongly break The cruell chains from off the Britaines neck, Like faithfull Palinurus, without feare You undertooke a weighty taske, to steere A raging boykrous people, and procure Through unknown swelling waves a haven sure. You mindfull of your Countries good, uphold The Common-wealth, refembling Arlas bold: Free from the cares of a diffembling breft, The publike you prefer to private rest. Hence your unwearied pious zeale and paines A glad remembrance to all Ages gaines: But if your actions here have no reward Worthy their merits, tis not worth regard; All earthly things thy vertue doth furpaffe, And will in heaven have their deserved place;

Mean

Mean while to heaven these are our dayly prayers,

Methusalems or aged Nestors years,

That you may reach to make us English blest,

And that at last freed from this worlds unrest,

With more content you may, as old in this

Praside new Councells in a State of Bliss.

FINIS.

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An Animadversion.

T was not my purpole to write an elaborate Hiftory, but onely in brief in a Panegyrick to point at the triumphall vicories of our most excellent Generall. Neither be troubled, Reader, that tying my felf to fuch brevity, I have either flenderly or not at all touched every fingle Astion or Actor by name, especially shole truly worthy, and Honourable Men Monke and Overton, whose famous acts rather challenge a volume then the narrow scantling of a Page. Neverthelesse I shall neither forget these nor those, when (God affishing and by the favour of the Councell of State) I shall fer forth in their lively Colours the whole feries of all things done, (as far as Poely can) to adorn a fecond book, taking it's beginning from the rendition of S. John flown. In the mean, while Gentle Reader.

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If ought you know that may more worthy be,
Impart them, but if not, use these with mc.

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TO THE

Most Excellent, The Lord Generall of Great Brittayne,

OLIVER CROMWEL.

Whence is it, fickle fancy mine

You bring me to my old designe,

Thy vertue bright, our losses do invite,

(Like harping Flaccus) me to be

An humble suppliant to thee,

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Who in another cause deserv'd of late,

Though fadly croffed by decree of Fate.

Even

Even providence your arms befriends,
Tis not blind Fortune that attends
Vicisfitudes of men, and things:
But heaven it self such changes brings;

Who gives and takes
Esteem from things, and makes

The smallest things grow great, and can Change the renown of any man; Though on a Throne to day he sit on high, Making his height upon the ground to lye.

The great disposer whose bare word,
Or grow'th or ruine will afford:
Turning mans heart, and firm intent,
Against their own accomplishment.

Thus am I come
At last unto your home,

A willing guest; drawn by the fame Of your great deeds and honor'd name,

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and spotlesslife; I humbly do appear Thy glories trumpet, and Thy Honorer.

Unto the mighty as a rain,
Their tyrannizing to restrain;
To the unarmed as a shield;
Unto the Souldiers strength you yield;

The Cities light

Cleer, shining, bright;

Chief Leader of the Epick Quire:
The drum, the trumpet, and the Lyre,
Together-with the sweeter Lute agree,
Tosing thy praises in a Symphony.

The heaven affifts you in your war;
Your high and wary counfells are
Thy Countreys ftay, the hoped health
Of the decaying Common-wealth.

A deadly frage
To this malignant age.

When the unhappy Kings ill luck
The State into a storm did pluck,
Thy Country found thee her defender then,
Thou wert a Victor without blood of men.

Thou dost with meekness happy Guide,
The greatness of thy chance abide.
When formerly the war did grow,
By don't full causes hindred, slow,

Then there was need of you, great Sir, to lead.

In dangers by your humble prayer,
You move the Deity to hear,
Beloved Guardian fent us from on high,
Thus dost thou conquer even necessity.

The cunning Scot, the Irish wilde,
And Wales with hills and mountaines fill'd,
And all our Northern world confess,
Thy strength of hand, of head no less,

Forrainen

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Forrayners next
Shall by thy fword be vext,

If 'gainst the English they devise

Mischieses by stop of merchandile;

Whether they quarrells pick not known before;

Or else pretend a greater, older score.

Rife up revenger of our harme; Quickly prescribe a heavenly charme To free our Church from sad debate, And fixe the Pillar of our State.

Let banisht truth

From thee receive new growth:

Silence contentious Schilmes, and stand
A fafe protector of our Land;
Shine like a star in our Horizop, cleare,
And both of heaven and men the joy appeare.

Go, famous for thy acts, replete With honours, happy, good, and great

Exult

Exult therein; may no annoy

Once interrupt thy calmer joy,

O do not ftain,

With grief too much or vain,

His gallant funeralls: though void of breath
This Heroe lyes, yet in his death
He triumphs in a never dying fame,

His vertue lesc him an eternall name.

Leave of to grieve, and cease to moan, Let no sad sigh or fatall groan

Accompany his funerall:

Becaple he liv'd enough to all,

Himself, his friends

And Country; while he lends

To after ages a clear light

Arising from his vertues bright,

And having done what wit could not enlarge,

Quite weary'd out he got a free discharge.

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On God all humane changes tend, He all things towards their end, Close to true Piety you keep, And thence deserved honor reap.

(Since now come back)
My Muse shall not be slack;

Thy prays'd Encomiums to fing,
Or gratefull Panegyriskes bring,
Others may praise thee in a verse more high;
But none so well, since not so soon as I.

Make me but happy by thy smile,

If thou with favour dain my toile,

By that thy favourable breath

We are (as 'twere) redeem'd from death.

Thus rais'd by thee,

It shall our Triumph be,

In the eternall house of Fame

To register thy present name,

That future ages each succeeding hour
To thy blest name may new Encomiums powr.

Thy Coat of Arms, brave Cromwell fill,
And by thy acts adde fomething still
To make it greater, looke and fee
The Common-wealths calamity,

And be a stay

To Religions decay;

So will thy Country thee reward

With more, with new, and fresh regard,

And Mars, and Pallas will, thy fame to spread,

With Bays, and Olive crown thy Pregnant head.

Thus do you sit exalted high,

Applauded by the joyfull Cry

Of the pleas'd City; those who are

Truly religious fend a prair

To heaven for thee; (Poor Poets) so do we.

Now

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Now on a Dytherambieke Lyre

Anon in a Pindarick Quire,

Or elfe like Virgil we thy deeds rehearle,

And joy'd return in an heroike verfe.

Reader (if ought)
Come and be taught,
Why do you to

Look on a picture, or dumbe show?

Would you unconquer'd Cromwell know? alas!

View not then a carved face,

But mark his vertues manifold,

Then Brais more lasting, more desir'd then gold.

Attentive be ;

This, This is He,

Who, for the Publike born, doth Live

To that, for which Nature did Give

Him life, whole sharper wit

For all great counsells fie

His valor shew'd

So oft abroad,
(Equally happy to his own,

And to the foe most fatall grown)

Unto his Countrey renders him to be The fort and Patron of her Liberty.

Honor his Name,
This is the fame;
Our freedomes strongest Hold,
Brittaines Alcides bold,

Th'unwearied Atlas of our State,
Keeping upright, what would precipitate,
Diverting all the spleen of fate.

Acknowledge this, He, He, it is,

Englands new leading Ioshuah, (no less
Or in his cause or his success)

W

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Guarded by heaven, to whom the helping stars, Serve as inferior Officers.

Applauded by the righteous, while he fights

For the Republikes private rights

And common too -

A Deadly fcourge of Tyranny

And superstitious Vanity.

Delighted be;

For this is He,

Who when the flood

Of late shed blood,

Began to ebbe, and cease,

Brought back the Olive both, and Bayes;

Who shutting all the passages of war,

And taking away cause of jar,

With the same sword that he before did cut

Ope Ianus gates, again the fame doth shut.

Hence Readers go And these things show,

Them to your Children yet to come proclaime,
And to their off-spring let them do the same,
Both even amazed at our Generalls same,
Whose Monument (which doth in triumph stand,
Ore enemies conquer'd by thy hand)
The world will soon confess without abuse
Tis the eighth wonder which she can produce.
And you (Great Sir) of honours full and dayes
To thy eternall praise

To thy eternall praise Added at length

To the nine former Heroes, make the TENTH.

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TO THE

Most accomplished Gentleman. EDMUND LUDLOW

of Ireland, when he fet forward on his journey thither. An Ode wishing health.

Justling together they grow high, and wrong
Justling together they grow high, and wrong
This new Commander. And thou Milford too,
When he thy neer-adjoyning waves shall plow,
See that there only be a gentle gale,
And that no tempest on the main prevail,
May the contentious winde abate it's pride,
And those their ancient strivings lay aside.
And when he goes, whisper a gentle blast
Into his fails, to countervail his hast;

And

And you the Tritons who dominion have, Although unhappy, on each Irish wave, Compose their tumults when on high they rise, As if their rage would reach the very skyes, Till your Vice-leader pais the dangerous lands, And on th'Ogygian coafts with fafety stands. And thou most famous Ireton, whose head And hand, are alwayes powerfull indeed, To whom the former nor the present time Did ever yield an equall in our Clime, Affift thy Ludlow with a free confent, Since Hee this dangerous journey underwent, That by conjoyned arms he might relieve That tedious war and fitting fuccors give.

O then whose worthy memory's more sweet

Then all the best Companions I meet!

My fort and comfort! what heroick verse

Can thy great prayses worthily rehearse!

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How, where shall I begin? shall I record The valour that thy younger yeares afford? Or that thy Candor ! what, a child, you shew'd Of valour, while you ne'r had been abroad. Only at Blanford; how you did excell Among three reftlers ! how you fhewd your skill In turning bals : what man did better know To throw the Bar, or give a stronger blow. With such like trophies you did think no scorne The first yeares of your active youth t'adorne : But when a downy cheeke makes you put on An age more virile, straight these toies are gone; You wish to heare the Trumpet which dothraise The Horses courage to the Riders praise: You lov'd to bound and curvet, hence it came, That in your youth you did begin your fame By your great vertue, when as yet your force Was ty'd within a Century of Horse,

But not your courage, for with them you go Through many Troopes of a more potent Foe. England will speake this of thee, and confess The greatnesse of thy acts with joyfulness. Sad Warder Cafter, which long fiege did tame, Will speake thy labours, and confess the same; Who, when her wals all broken did appeare, And all her buildings nought but ruines were, Yet did remaine valiantly faithfull still, A Conquerour by fuffering fo much ill. A worthy act, which fame will ever fing, Amazement to the present age to bring, And future too : then Mayden-Bradley holds Out to the world thy fame, renown'd of old From thy fore-fathers, known both wife and bold. Next happy Wilt hire doth triumphing stand,

So often fav'd by thy victorious hand,

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When the destroying Enemy with boasts Entred, and rage, into that Countries coafts. Wileshire relate the changes of that war. When Ludlow followed the Enemy fo far. Speak Sarisbury Church-yard, which flood and gaz'd Upon thy paffage through the fwords amaz'd; Like to a Lion when he is befet, Which fearelfs runs and breakes the scorned net. 'Tis a vaine worke thy praifes all to bring Within the compasse of a narrow ring: A little now shall serve; for that we know We do unto thy praifes much more ow. Which we shall pay; if once our Muse can get A little respite to refresh her wit.

In the meane while, brave Captaine, go thou on With happy Omens, as you have begun,
That by your Guard, fam'd Ireton may rife
Much more conspicuous in the publike eyes.

While

While to each other force and armes you lend
The horrid bloudy Irish war to end,
That once agains her ruin'd houses may
Of their rebuilding see the happy day.
And that poore Ireland, wearied out with age
May yet grow young agains, when freed from strage
By your most worthy hands; and that sweet peace
In her may settle first, and then increase,

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To

TO THE

Most Famous, as well for his Valour, as Vertues,

HENRY IRETON.

Late Lord Deputy of Ireland,

A Member of the Parliament of England;

As alfo,

Of the Right Honourable, the

At whose Tombe, and to whose Memory this Funerall Elegy is offered and Wept

By T. M. Junior.



An Elegy.

S Ireton dead, and yet the heavens not beare In fuch a publike lofs an equal fhare? Can such a Patron of our Liberty VVithout a grand Eclipfe, or Comet dye? Although not at his death, yet he will have The Sun a mourner at his honour'd grave. The Muses Fountaine is too small, too dry, My Quill with fit Encomiums to supply. If all your raptures, all your facred fits Could be inspir'd into my working wits; Could Aganippe by some secret veine Be brought into the Cifternes of my braine,

Your

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Your fits would faile and that exhale in teares, By this new Sun late placed in the spheares. Let England speake his worth, Ireland proclame His Trophies, and proud Limrick keepe his name Ingrav'd in brafs, that future times may fee, And speake his honour to Posterity. Great Cromwel's Son ! Oh speak not Titles, Fame, "But tell his Vertues, give his Soule a name. His Valour mixed with such meekeness rare, That no old Hero might with him compare, But only Mofes: And straight cal'd aside, And Canaan feen in hopes, he gently dy'd. His V Visdome speake, his Temperance, his Zeale, And strong endeavors for the Common-weale: But that you can't, the Dotes thereof was fuch, That nor my tongue, nor Pen can fay how much Their Value was ; but when that all is done, If you would speake their worth, say Ireton,

Whom all rich graces round about befet, And piety the Center where they met.

Hence then all fmiles, come weeping, change we To mourning Dirges, lave the pretious earth (mirth Of this so honour'd Patron with our teares (Fertile as them the cheeke of April weares) Let Angels fing his graces, who did call His foule to heaven to its original ; And murmur not that loffe, which here but lay A pawne that might be cal'd for every day. But if upon our forrow and thy fate Poore Mortals could but fet an equal rate; The world would praise thee, while it did appeare With a full forrow, in each eye a teare : For where Art failes to yeild us her reliefe, Our will to praise thee wee'l express in griefes